

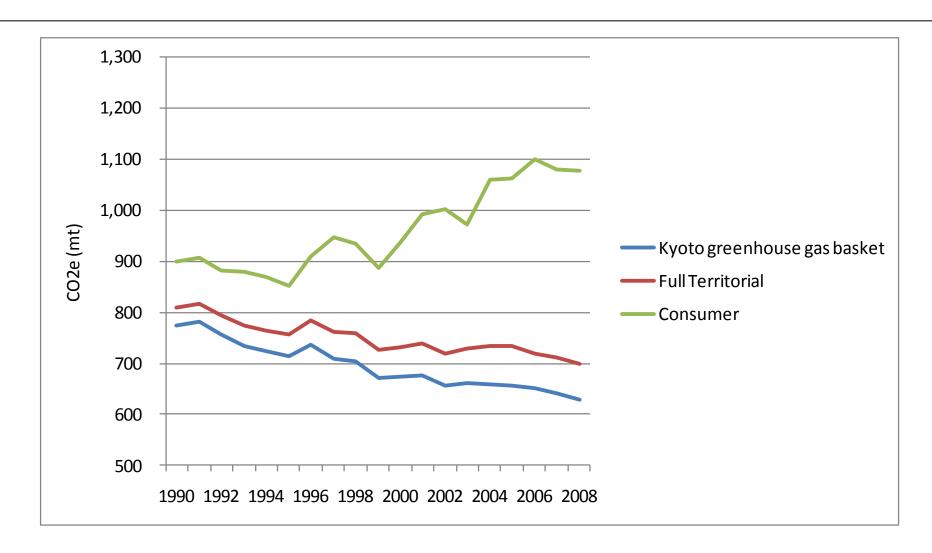
Carbon Budgets, Rebounds and Efficiency Gains

Prof. John Barrett University of Leeds

Some slides from Steve Sorrell (University of Sussex)

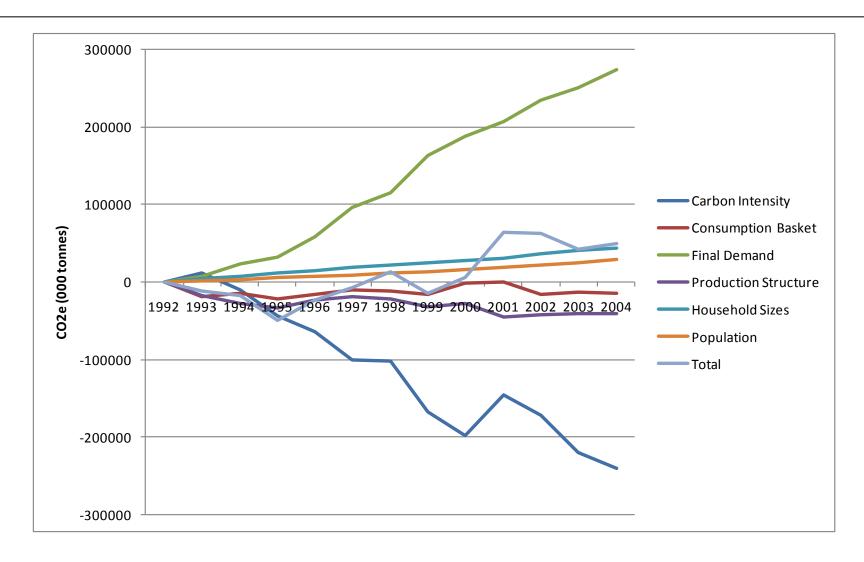
UK Territorial and Consumer Emissions





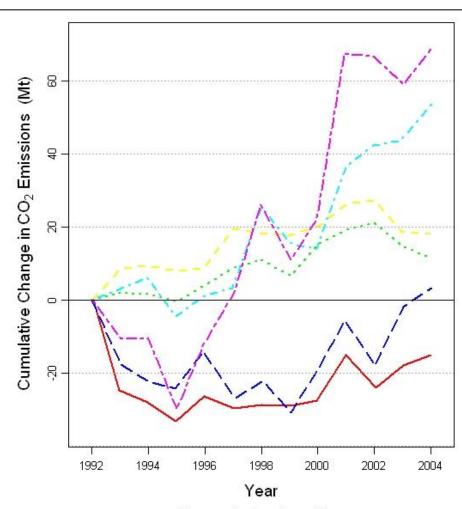






Emissions by Location





Key: emissions by origin

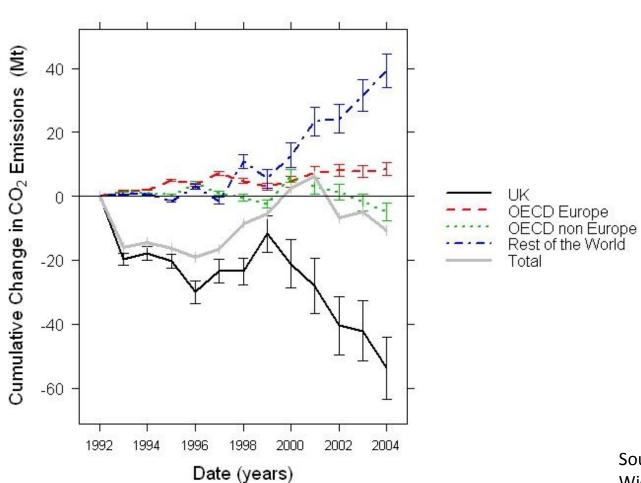
UK share CE
OECD Europe share CE
OECD non-Europe share CE



Source: Minx, Baiocchi, Wiedmann, Barrett, (2009)



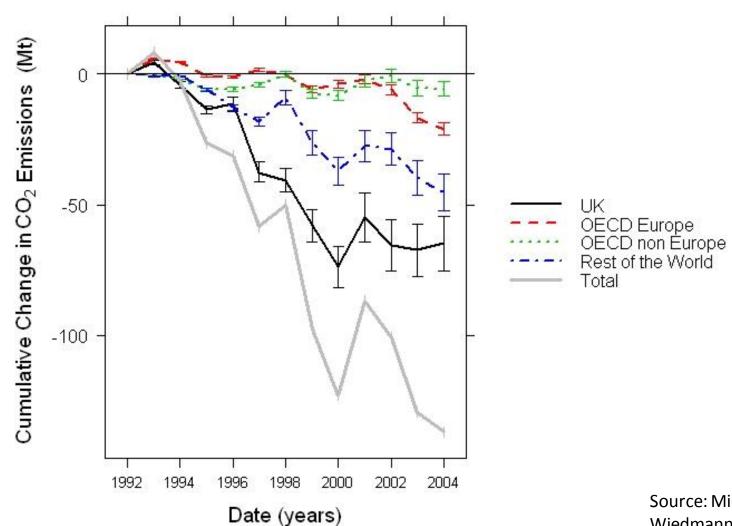




Source: Minx, Baiocchi, Wiedmann, Barrett, (2009)



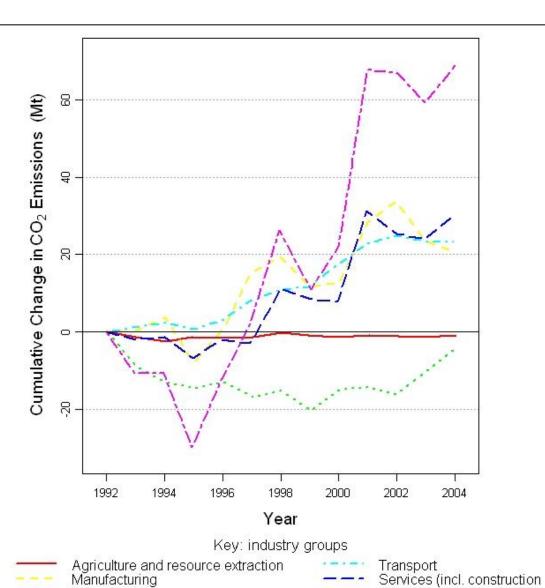




Source: Minx, Baiocchi, Wiedmann, Barrett, (2009)

Change by Sectors





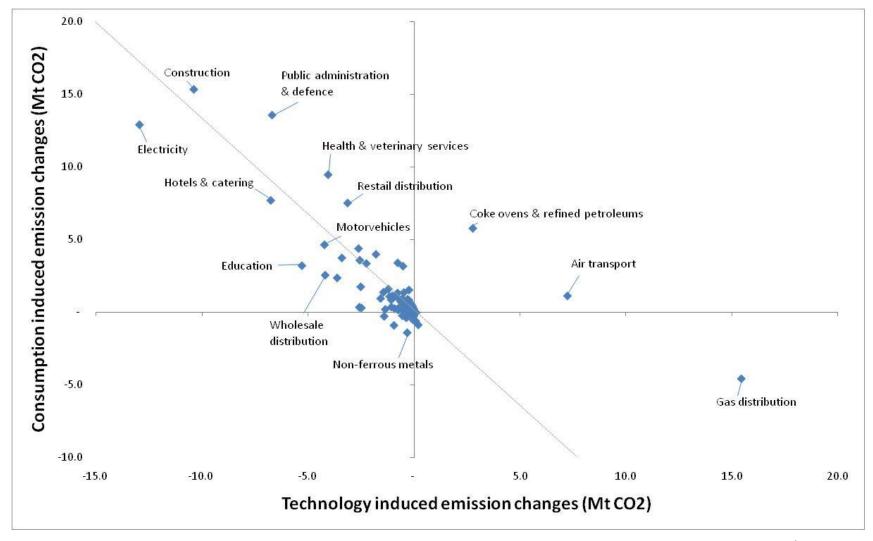
Utilities

Source: Minx, Baiocchi, Wiedmann, Barrett, (2009)

Consumer emissions

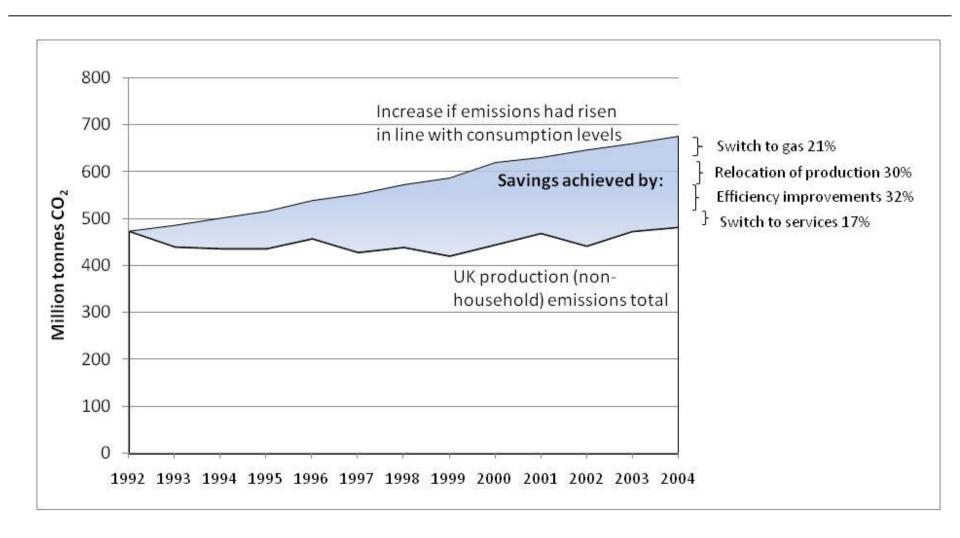






Policy Effectiveness

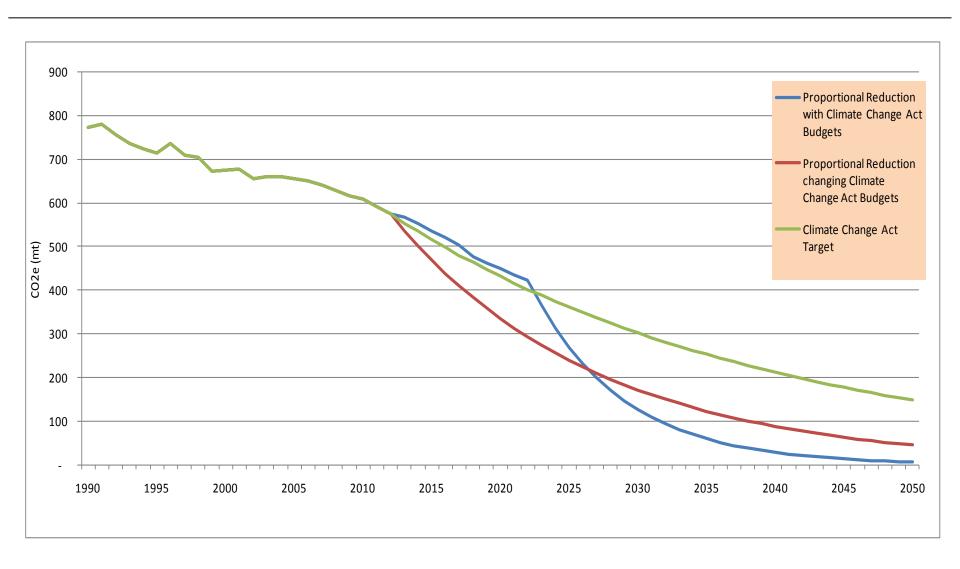




Source: Defra (Harris) (2009)

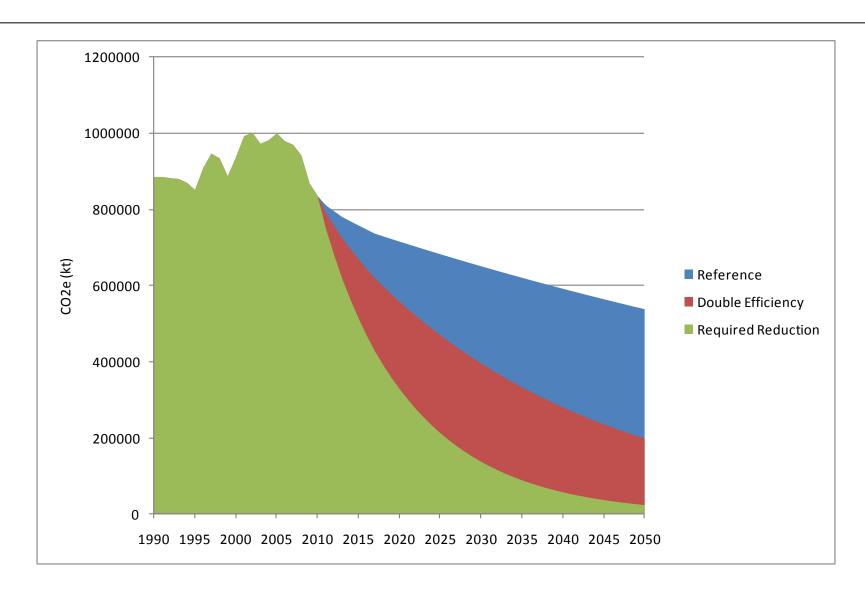






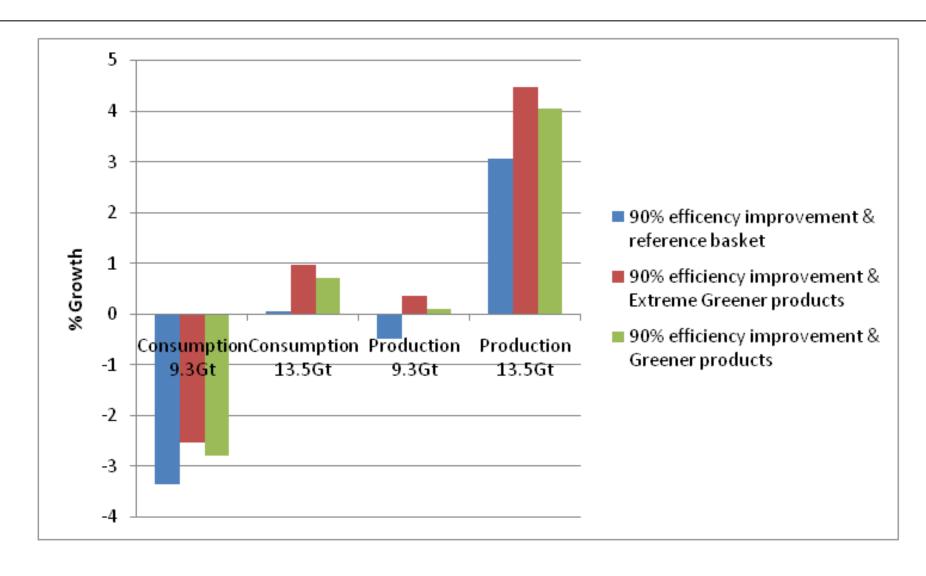




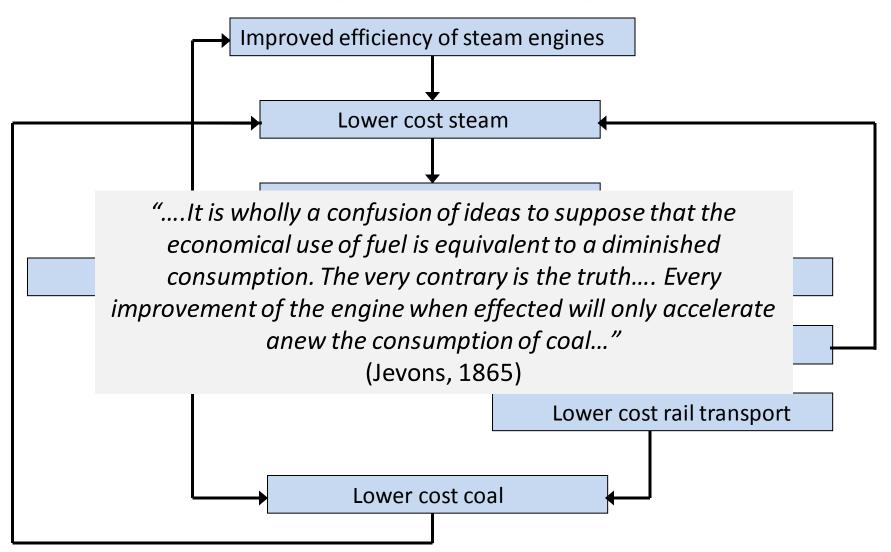




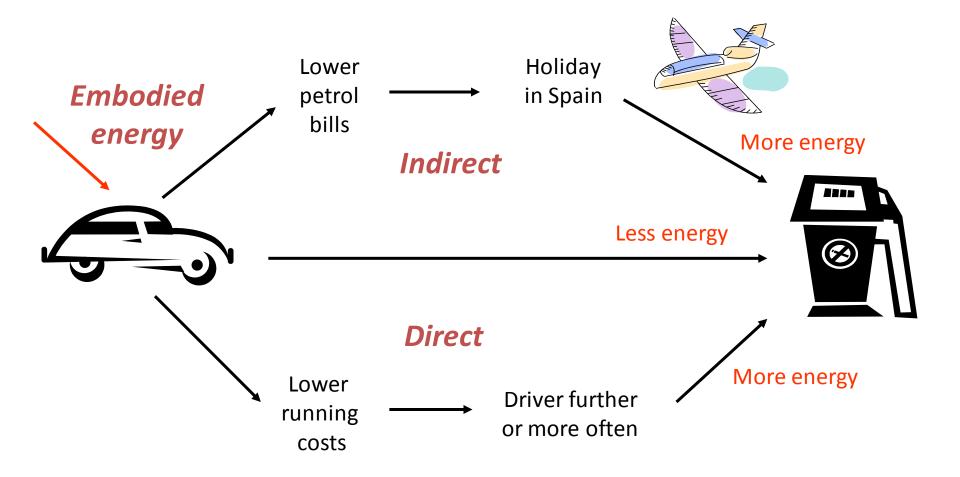




Jevons' Paradox



Rebound effects - households



Source: Steve Sorrell

Simple 'sufficiency' actions

 Household heating: reduce thermostat by 1°C (10%)

 Food: reduce food waste by one third (33%)

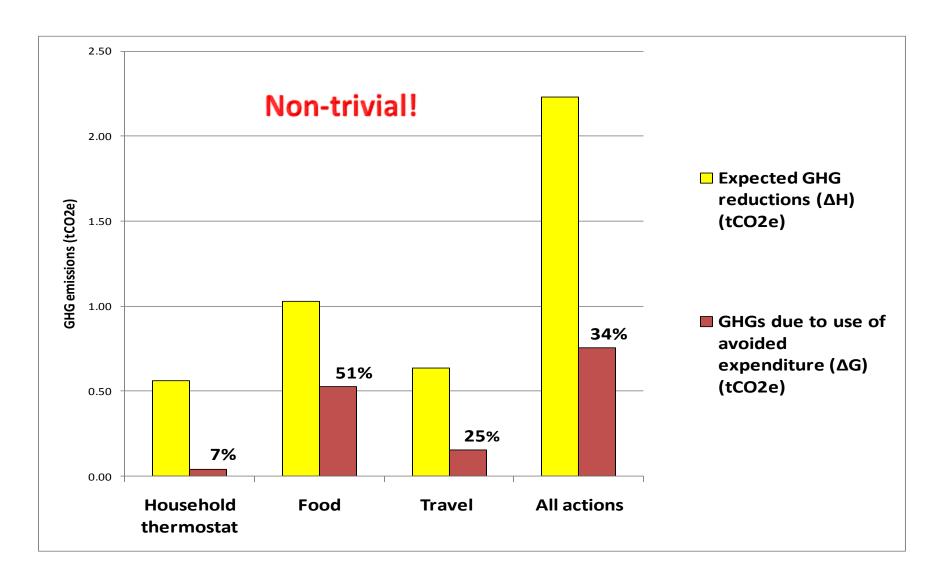
 Transport: replace car journeys <2miles by walking/cycling (23%).



15.

Source: Steve Sorrell

Estimated rebound effects



Source: Steve Sorrell

Conclusions



- Learning from the past
- Economic Growth incompatible with deep cuts in emissions
- Not reflected in any country's climate policy